

Master Plan for Peace & Prosperity in the Homeland www.galinsky2024.us/issue/peace-prosperity



MASTER PLAN FOR

Peace & Prosperity in the Homeland

GALINSKY 2024

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Introduction

The *Master Plan for Peace & Prosperity in the Homeland* represents a comprehensive, forward-looking strategy designed to ensure the security, economic vitality, and technological leadership of the United States in a rapidly evolving global landscape. Rooted in the lessons learned from decades of military and economic engagement, this plan seeks to harness the strengths of the American defense industry while steering its focus toward defensive technologies that safeguard national and international stability.

The plan emphasizes a balanced approach that honors the contributions of the defense sector, incentivizes economic diversification, and transitions the nation toward a defense-first policy that promotes peace and security. The documents within this plan outline legislative measures, executive actions, and strategic frameworks that collectively aim to secure America's place as a global leader in both defense and prosperity.

Executive Summary of Included Documents

Strategic Transition to Defensive Capabilities: A Commitment to National and Economic Security: This document articulates the rationale behind the strategic shift in focus towards defensive capabilities, setting the stage for the legislative and executive actions that follow.

Defense Industry Acknowledgment & Incentivization Plan: This document acknowledges the critical role of the defense industry and outlines incentives in the transition toward defensive technologies.

Executive Order Promoting Economic Diversification Through Defense Industry Reinvestment: This executive order outlines the administration's commitment to ensuring that the profits derived from increased defense spending contribute to the broader American economy.

Joint Resolution Supporting Economic Diversification Through Defense **Industry Reinvestment:** This resolution reinforces the legislative support for the executive order, ensuring that the policy has the backing of both Congress and the Executive Branch.

Defense Industry Reinvestment Act of 2024: The cornerstone legislative act that mandates the reinvestment of defense industry profits into diverse sectors of the American economy, providing the legal framework for compliance and enforcement.

Strategic Investment Fund (SIF) Guidelines: These guidelines provide detailed instructions on how defense contractors can fulfill their reinvestment obligations, either independently or through the Strategic Investment Fund.

Defense Industry Excellence and Innovation Awards Act of 2024: This act establishes a formal awards program to honor the defense industry's contributions to defensive technologies that support national security and global stability.

Executive Order Establishing the National Defense Industry Awards for Excellence in Defensive Technologies: This executive order outlines the administration's commitment to the formal creation of the Defense Industry Excellence and Innovation Awards Act of 2024.

Strategic Transition to Defensive Capabilities: A **Commitment to National and Economic Security**

Purpose: This document outlines the rationale behind the United States' strategic shift towards selling primarily defensive military equipment, emphasizing the continuity of our commitment to global stability and the protection of our allies, while also aligning with broader national and economic security goals.

Introduction: Continuity in Commitment

The United States has long been a leader in global security, providing military support to allies and partners to maintain peace and stability. As part of our evolving strategy to better safeguard our nation and allies, we are transitioning towards a focus on defensive military capabilities. This shift does not signify a reduction in our commitment to global security; rather, it reflects our dedication to leveraging the most effective and responsible methods to protect civilian populations, maintain peace, and enhance global stability.

Rationale: Lessons from Decades of Engagement

Over decades of military engagement, the U.S. has learned critical lessons about the effectiveness of various military strategies. Defensive systems, such as the Iron Dome and border security infrastructure, have proven to be among the most effective means of protecting civilian populations, preventing escalation, and maintaining peace. This strategic pivot is informed by a broader understanding that the best defense is not merely about having offensive capabilities but about creating environments where conflicts are less likely to arise.

A key element of this strategy is reducing the conditions under which terrorism can thrive. The tragic events of September 11, 2001, underscored the catastrophic impact that terrorism can have on our nation. In the years since, the U.S. has recognized that eliminating safe havens for terrorism—through both military and non-military means—is essential to national security. By prioritizing defensive systems, we aim to disrupt the conditions that allow terrorism to take root, thereby enhancing global security and protecting our homeland.

Economic Impact: Fostering Innovation and Growth

This strategic transition offers substantial economic benefits, particularly in fostering innovation within the defense industry. As the U.S. defense industry adapts to focus on advanced defensive systems, there is significant potential for growth in areas such as cybersecurity, missile defense, and surveillance technologies. These sectors are not only critical to national security but also present opportunities for U.S. companies to lead globally in cutting-edge technology.

Moreover, this shift encourages diversification within the defense industry, promoting stability and resilience across the broader economy. As companies innovate and expand into these new areas, they will create high-paying jobs, drive technological advancements, and contribute to the economic well-being of the nation.

International Relations: Reaffirming Support for Allies

The United States remains steadfast in its commitment to the defense of our allies and partners. This policy shift should be seen as an evolution in our strategy—one that reflects our dedication to providing the most effective means of protection. By focusing on defensive capabilities, we are enhancing our allies' ability to protect their own populations, thereby contributing to regional stability and global peace.

Our partners can rest assured that the U.S. continues to stand with them, offering not only advanced defensive technologies but also the strategic support necessary to implement these systems effectively. This shift aligns with our long-standing goal of promoting peace through strength, ensuring that our allies are well-equipped to deter and defend against any threats.

Industry Support: Ensuring Competitiveness and Profitability

Recognizing the significant role that the defense industry plays in our national security, the U.S. government is committed to supporting this sector through this transition. We have established a comprehensive set of incentives and support mechanisms to ensure that defense companies remain competitive and profitable as they shift focus towards defensive technologies.

These support mechanisms include:

- 1. **Incentive Programs:** Offering financial incentives for research and development in defensive technologies.
- 2. **Contractual Guarantees:** Providing long-term contracts to companies that specialize in defensive systems, ensuring steady revenue streams.
- 3. **Regulatory Support:** Simplifying regulatory processes for companies developing defensive systems, reducing the time and cost associated with bringing new technologies to market.

Through these measures, we are ensuring that the defense industry not only adapts to this strategic shift but thrives in it, continuing to be a vital part of the U.S. economy and a key player in global security.

Conclusion: The United States' strategic transition to prioritizing defensive military capabilities is a forward-looking approach that aligns with our national and economic security goals. By focusing on defense, we are enhancing our ability to protect our nation and allies, fostering innovation within our defense industry, and contributing to global stability. This transition strengthens our long-standing

commitment to maintaining peace and security worldwide, reflecting our dedication to evolving strategies that better protect our allies and promote global stability.

Defense Industry Acknowledgment & Incentivization Plan

Purpose:

To formally recognize and honor the significant contributions of the U.S. defense industry to national security and global stability, while ensuring their active participation in the strategic shift towards defensive military capabilities. This plan also aims to incentivize the defense industry's transition, ensuring continued economic prosperity and innovation within the sector.

Section 1: Acknowledgment of Contributions

1.1 Presidential Recognition: The President of the United States, on behalf of the government and the people, extends sincere gratitude to the defense industry for its unparalleled commitment to safeguarding the nation and supporting allied nations worldwide. The industry's role in ensuring national security through the development and provision of advanced military systems has been instrumental in maintaining global peace and stability.

1.2 Formal Letter of Recognition: A formal letter from the President and the Secretary of Defense will be issued to all major defense contractors, recognizing their pivotal role in the defense of the United States and its allies. This letter will highlight the critical importance of the industry in past, present, and future security efforts, and underscore the government's commitment to supporting the industry's ongoing success.

Section 2: Incentive Programs for Transition

2.1 Tax Incentives: To support the defense industry's transition to primarily defensive systems, the U.S. government will introduce tax incentives, including:

- a) **R&D Tax Credits:** Enhanced tax credits for research and development in defensive technologies, such as missile defense systems, cybersecurity, and border protection infrastructure.
- b) **Investment Tax Credits:** Credits for investments in new production facilities or the conversion of existing ones to manufacture defensive systems.
- c) **Export Incentives:** Tax benefits for companies exporting defensive systems to allied nations under U.S.-approved agreements.

2.2 Grants and Subsidies:

- a) **Transition Grants:** Financial grants for defense companies to offset the costs associated with transitioning production lines from offensive to defensive systems. These grants will cover a portion of the costs for retooling factories, training workers, and developing new technologies.
- b) **Innovation Subsidies:** Subsidies for companies that invest in cutting-edge defensive technologies, particularly those that align with the U.S.'s long-term strategic goals, such as space defense, advanced missile interception, and next-generation cybersecurity.

2.3 Long-Term Contracts and Funding Assurance:

- a) **Guaranteed Contracts:** The Department of Defense (DoD) will offer longterm contracts for the procurement of defensive systems, ensuring steady demand and financial stability for companies making the transition.
- b) **Funding Assurance:** The DoD will provide assurances of continued funding for defensive systems, backed by multi-year budget allocations, to give defense contractors confidence in the market viability of their new production focus.

Section 3: Public-Private Collaboration

3.1 Ongoing Collaboration Framework:

- a) **Defensive Technology Councils:** Establishment of regular councils bringing together government officials, military leaders, and defense industry executives to discuss trends, challenges, and opportunities in the development of defensive technologies.
- b) **Joint Research Initiatives:** Encouragement of joint R&D projects between the DoD and defense contractors, focusing on the most critical defensive needs of the nation, such as next-generation missile defense, cybersecurity, and advanced sensor systems.
- c) **Public Recognition Events:** Annual events hosted by the DoD to publicly recognize and celebrate the achievements of defense companies in developing and delivering critical defensive systems.

Section 4: Support for Workforce Transition

4.1 Workforce Training Programs:

- a) **Skilled Workforce Development Grants:** Grants to defense companies to develop training programs for workers transitioning from offensive to defensive system production. These programs will focus on the skills needed for advanced manufacturing, cybersecurity, and system integration.
- b) **Partnerships with Educational Institutions:** The DoD will facilitate partnerships between defense companies and technical schools or universities to create specialized training programs that prepare the next generation of workers for careers in the defense industry.

4.2 Employment Assurance:

- a) **Employment Stability Commitment:** The government will work with defense contractors to minimize workforce disruptions during the transition, ensuring that workers remain employed and that job losses are minimized.
- b) **Job Placement Support:** For workers displaced by the transition, the DoD will offer job placement services within the broader defense industry or in related sectors, ensuring that valuable skills are retained within the economy.

Section 5: Long-Term Economic Benefits

5.1 Strategic Economic Impact:

- a) **Economic Growth through Diversification:** The transition to defensive systems is expected to spur growth in related sectors such as cybersecurity, advanced materials, and robotics, contributing to broader economic diversification.
- b) **Export Growth:** By focusing on defensive systems that are in high demand globally, the defense industry will have new opportunities to expand exports, strengthening the U.S. economy.

5.2 National Security and Economic Resilience:

a) **Resilience through Innovation:** The shift to defensive systems will encourage innovation and technological advancement, making the U.S. defense industry more resilient to future economic and geopolitical shifts. b) **Strengthened Alliances:** By providing advanced defensive systems to allies, the U.S. will reinforce its global leadership and foster stronger international partnerships.

Section 6: Implementation and Monitoring

6.1 Implementation Timeline:

- a) **Immediate Action:** The incentives outlined in this plan will be implemented immediately, with the first grants, tax incentives, and contracts available within six months of the plan's approval.
- b) **Ongoing Monitoring:** The Department of Commerce and the DoD will jointly monitor the defense industry's progress in transitioning to defensive systems, with regular reports to the President and Congress.

6.2 Adjustment Mechanisms:

a) **Flexible Policy Adjustments:** The government will remain flexible in adjusting incentives and support mechanisms as needed to ensure the defense industry's successful transition and continued economic contribution.

Executive Order Promoting Economic Diversification Through Defense Industry Reinvestment

Purpose:

To ensure that the unprecedented investments in defense and security made by the United States government contribute to a more diversified and resilient American economy by mandating reinvestment of defense company profits into a broad array of industries.

Section 1: Policy Objectives

1.1. The United States is committed to leveraging the defense industry's increased profitability, resulting from recent security initiatives, to bolster the broader American economy.

1.2. This Executive Order mandates that defense companies reinvest a significant portion of their profits exceeding their 2023 baseline earnings into various nondefense-related industries, thereby ensuring widespread economic growth and stability.

Section 2: Establishment of the Strategic Investment Fund (SIF)

2.1. The Strategic Investment Fund (SIF) is hereby established to manage and facilitate the reinvestment process for defense companies that opt to delegate their Reinvestment Obligation.

2.2. The SIF shall be managed by the Department of Commerce, in coordination with the Department of Defense and the Treasury Department, ensuring that investments are directed towards a wide range of industries across the American economy.

2.3. Participation in the SIF is voluntary for defense companies. Companies choosing this option must contribute the required percentage of profits to the SIF. which will then distribute the funds in accordance with the diversification goals outlined in the legislative proposal.

Section 3: Compliance and Enforcement

3.1. The Department of Commerce, in collaboration with the Department of Defense, shall be responsible for monitoring compliance with this Executive Order. 3.2. Defense companies must submit an annual report detailing their profits, reinvestments, and contributions to the SIF, if applicable.

3.3. The Department of Commerce shall review these reports, ensuring that the reinvestment obligations are met, and will issue public summaries to maintain transparency.

Section 4: Incentives for Compliance

4.1. Companies that demonstrate exemplary compliance with the reinvestment obligations may be eligible for additional incentives, such as expedited consideration for future government contracts or reduced regulatory burdens in unrelated areas.

4.2. The Department of Commerce, in consultation with relevant agencies, shall develop and implement these incentives within 180 days of the issuance of this order.

Section 5: Review and Amendment

5.1. The policy and impact of this Executive Order shall be reviewed annually by the National Economic Council, with recommendations for adjustments as necessary to align with evolving economic conditions and national security needs.5.2. Any amendments to this Executive Order must be approved by the President and documented in subsequent executive orders.

Section 6: Effective Date

6.1. This Executive Order shall take effect immediately and shall apply to profits earned from January 1, 2025, onward.

6.2. The baseline earnings for 2023 shall be used to determine the reinvestment obligations for each defense company.

Signed:

[Signature of the President of the United States] Date: [insert date]

Joint Resolution Supporting Economic Diversification **Through Defense Industry Reinvestment**

Findings:

Whereas, the United States has significantly increased investments in defense and security to enhance global stability and peace, leading to heightened profitability within the American defense industry;

Whereas, it is in the national interest to ensure that these profits contribute to the broader American economy, fostering growth across a wide range of industries and establishing a more resilient economic foundation;

Whereas, the transition of the defense industry to focus on primarily defensive military capabilities aligns with the United States' longstanding commitment to global peace and security, while continuing to drive economic growth and innovation;

Whereas, it is essential to honor the defense industry's contributions to national security and economic growth, acknowledging their role in this strategic shift;

Whereas, the reinvestment of defense industry profits into non-defense-related sectors is key to diversifying the economy, reducing reliance on defense spending, and promoting long-term economic stability;

Resolution:

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

Section 1: Congressional Support for Reinvestment Obligations

1.1 **Reinvestment Mandate:** Congress affirms that defense companies are required to reinvest 50% of their profits exceeding their 2023 baseline earnings into a diverse array of American industries, including but not limited to technology, manufacturing, agriculture, healthcare, and small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs).

1.2 Broad-Based Economic Growth: This reinvestment is intended to be distributed across various sectors, ensuring that the economic benefits are widespread and contribute to the sustained growth of the American economy. 1.3 **Defensive System Transition:** The reinvestment policy is designed to encourage the defense industry's transition to a focus on defensive systems, ensuring that this strategic shift enhances national security while simultaneously fostering innovation and economic diversification.

Section 2: Support for the Strategic Investment Fund (SIF)

2.1 **Endorsement of SIF:** Congress endorses the establishment of the Strategic Investment Fund (SIF), as outlined in Executive Order Promoting Economic Diversification Through Defense Industry Reinvestment, as a voluntary mechanism for defense companies to fulfill their reinvestment obligations.

2.2 **Oversight and Accountability:** The SIF will be managed by the Department of Commerce, with oversight from relevant Congressional committees, ensuring transparency, accountability, and the effective allocation of investments across the economy.

2.3 **Encouragement of SIF Participation:** Congress encourages defense companies to consider participation in the SIF to streamline their reinvestment process and ensure alignment with national economic objectives.

Section 3: Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

3.1 **Compliance Monitoring:** Congress mandates the establishment of a comprehensive monitoring system by the Department of Commerce, in collaboration with the Department of Defense, to ensure defense companies' compliance with reinvestment obligations.

3.2 **Annual Reporting:** The Department of Commerce shall submit an annual report to Congress detailing the reinvestment activities of defense companies, including contributions to the SIF, the sectors benefiting from these investments, and the overall economic impact.

3.3 **Public Transparency:** All reports shall be made publicly available to ensure transparency and reinforce public confidence in the reinvestment process.

Section 4: Incentives for Compliance

4.1 **Enhanced Incentives:** Congress supports the development of additional incentives for defense companies that exceed their reinvestment obligations or demonstrate exceptional performance in diversifying their investments across sectors.

4.2 **Incentive Types:** These incentives may include expedited contract consideration, tax benefits, public recognition, or other appropriate forms of acknowledgment as determined by Congress and relevant federal agencies.

Section 5: Legislative Review and Adjustment

5.1 **Policy Review:** Congress will review the effectiveness of this policy within two years of its implementation and will consider any necessary adjustments to ensure the policy continues to align with national interests.

5.2 **Amendment Process:** Any proposed adjustments shall be introduced as amendments to this Joint Resolution and will be subject to the standard legislative process.

Section 6: Effective Date

6.1 **Immediate Effect:** This Joint Resolution shall take effect immediately upon passage, and the reinvestment obligations will apply to profits earned from January 1, 2025, onward.

6.2 **Baseline Calculation:** The baseline earnings for 2023 shall be used to calculate the reinvestment obligations for each defense company.

Defense Industry Reinvestment Act of 2024

A BILL

To create a framework that enables defense contractors, who stand to gain from the expanded opportunities under the Doctrine of Peace and Prosperity, to strategically reinvest a portion of their enhanced profits into diverse sectors of the American economy, thereby fostering innovation, sustaining economic growth, and contributing to national resilience.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Defense Industry Reinvestment Act of 2024."

SECTION 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

(a) Findings.

Congress finds that:

- 1. The United States has committed unprecedented resources to global security through the Doctrine of Peace and Prosperity, resulting in a significant increase in defense spending.
- 2. The American defense industry is expected to see substantial profit increases as a result of this expanded spending.
- 3. It is in the national interest to ensure that the benefits of this increased spending are shared broadly across the American economy.
- 4. Reinvesting a portion of these profits into diverse sectors of the U.S. economy will strengthen national resilience, support innovation, and foster sustainable economic growth.
- 5. Defense contractors play a vital role in ensuring national security, and by diversifying their investments, they can contribute to a more resilient and competitive American economy.

(b) Purpose.

The purpose of this Act is to:

- 1. Mandate that defense contractors reinvest a portion of their increased profits from the Peace and Prosperity era into a wide array of American businesses and industries.
- 2. Establish mechanisms for monitoring, enforcement, and support to ensure compliance with the reinvestment requirements.
- 3. Encourage the diversification of the defense industry to enhance long-term economic stability and competitiveness.
- 4. Provide an optional Strategic Investment Fund (SIF) for defense contractors to streamline their reinvestment obligations if they choose not to manage the investments independently.

SECTION 3. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Act:

- "Defense Contractor" refers to any company receiving contracts funded by U.S. military aid, including but not limited to Foreign Military Sales (FMS), Foreign Military Financing (FMF), Direct Commercial Sales (DCS), and other federal defense procurement programs.
- 2. "2023 Baseline Earnings" refers to the annual profits earned by a defense contractor during the fiscal year 2023, which will serve as the baseline for calculating reinvestment obligations.
- 3. "Reinvestment Obligation" refers to the mandatory reinvestment of 50% of the profits exceeding the 2023 Baseline Earnings, as specified in this Act.
- 4. "Strategic Investment Fund (SIF)" refers to the optional governmentmanaged fund designed to facilitate and oversee the reinvestment process for participating defense contractors.
- 5. "Diversified Sectors" refers to industries outside of the defense sector, including but not limited to technology, healthcare, manufacturing, agriculture, energy, and a wide array of businesses across the U.S. economy.

SECTION 4. REINVESTMENT REQUIREMENT.

(a) Mandatory Reinvestment.

- 1. Defense contractors shall reinvest 50 percent of the increase in profits over their 2023 Baseline Earnings into a diversified array of American businesses across various sectors of the economy.
- 2. Reinvestments must include investments across different industries and business sizes, ensuring a broad distribution of economic benefits throughout the U.S. economy.

(b) Strategic Investment Fund Option.

- 1. Defense contractors may choose to fulfill their Reinvestment Obligation by contributing to the Strategic Investment Fund (SIF), managed by the Department of Commerce.
- 2. Contributions to the SIF shall be used exclusively for investments in U.S. businesses across multiple sectors, in alignment with the goals of this Act.
- 3. Participation in the SIF is entirely optional, and defense contractors may alternatively choose to manage their own investments in compliance with the reinvestment requirements.

(c) Reinvestment Allocation.

- 1. No more than 50 percent of the Reinvestment Obligation may be directed towards sectors that directly enhance the defense contractor's operational capabilities, such as defense-related technology or logistics.
- 2. The remaining 50 percent of reinvestments must be allocated to sectors that provide broader economic benefits, including but not limited to technology, healthcare, manufacturing, agriculture, energy, and other non-defense industries.

SECTION 5. MONITORING AND ENFORCEMENT.

(a) Reporting Requirements.

- 1. Defense contractors subject to this Act shall submit an annual Reinvestment Compliance Report to the Department of Commerce, detailing the nature and extent of their reinvestments.
- 2. Reports shall include:
 - i. The total amount of reinvested funds.

- ii. A breakdown of investments by sector and business size.
- iii. An assessment of the economic impact of the investments.

(b) Oversight and Enforcement.

- 1. The Department of Commerce shall establish an Office of Reinvestment Oversight (ORO) responsible for monitoring compliance with this Act.
- 2. The ORO shall have the authority to audit defense contractors' financial records to verify compliance and may impose penalties for non-compliance, including fines or additional reinvestment requirements.
- 3. The ORO shall publish an annual report on the overall economic impact of the reinvestment obligations.

SECTION 6. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OFFICE OF REINVESTMENT OVERSIGHT.

(a) Establishment and Purpose.

- 1. The Office of Reinvestment Oversight (ORO) is hereby established within the Department of Commerce.
- 2. The purpose of the ORO is to monitor, enforce, and support compliance with the reinvestment obligations established within this Act.

(b) Director and Staffing.

- 1. The ORO shall be headed by a Director, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce.
- 2. The Director shall have the authority to hire staff, including financial auditors, economic analysts, and legal advisors, as necessary to carry out the functions of the ORO.

(c) Funding and Resources.

- 1. The ORO shall be funded through appropriations authorized under this Act, with initial funding provided as soon as practicable following the enactment of this Act.
- 2. The Secretary of Commerce shall ensure that the ORO is provided with sufficient resources to effectively monitor and enforce the reinvestment obligations.

(d) Reporting and Accountability.

- 1. The Director of the ORO shall submit an annual report to Congress detailing the office's activities, including compliance audits, enforcement actions, and the overall economic impact of the reinvestment obligations.
- 2. The ORO shall operate transparently, with regular public disclosures of its findings and enforcement actions, subject to confidentiality requirements.

(e) Rulemaking Authority.

1. The Secretary of Commerce shall have the authority to issue regulations and guidelines necessary for the implementation of this section, including specific procedures for audits, reporting requirements for defense contractors, and penalties for non-compliance.

SECTION 7. PENALTIES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.

(a) Financial Penalties.

- 1. Defense contractors that fail to meet their Reinvestment Obligation may be subject to a financial penalty equivalent to 10 percent of the shortfall in the required reinvestment amount.
- 2. Penalties collected under this section shall be allocated to the Strategic Investment Fund (SIF) for reinvestment purposes.

(b) Contract Eligibility.

1. Persistent non-compliance with the Reinvestment Obligation may result in a suspension or revocation of eligibility for future defense contracts funded by U.S. military aid.

SECTION 8. IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW.

(a) Implementation Timeline.

- 1. The reinvestment requirements established by this Act shall take effect beginning in the fiscal year 2025.
- 2. The Department of Commerce shall issue detailed guidelines for compliance within 180 days of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Review and Adjustment.

- 1. The effectiveness of this Act shall be reviewed by Congress five years after its enactment.
- 2. Based on the findings of this review, Congress may adjust the reinvestment percentage or other provisions to better align with national economic goals and defense industry performance.

SECTION 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) Appropriations for Oversight.

1. Such sums as may be necessary are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce for the establishment and operation of the Office of Reinvestment Oversight (ORO) and the Strategic Investment Fund (SIF).

SECTION 10. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this Act, and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION 11. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect immediately upon its enactment.

Strategic Investment Fund (SIF) Guidelines

Introduction

The Strategic Investment Fund (SIF) is established to facilitate the reinvestment obligations of defense companies under the Reinvestment in American Prosperity Act. Participation in the SIF is optional and designed to provide companies with an efficient mechanism to fulfill their reinvestment requirements.

Purpose of the SIF

The SIF is designed to:

- 1. **Streamline Investment Processes**: Offer a centralized and professionally managed fund that distributes investments across a wide array of sectors in the American economy.
- 2. **Diversify Investments**: Ensure that reinvestments are spread across various industries, contributing to the broad economic growth of the United States.
- 3. **Simplify Compliance**: Provide defense companies with an alternative to managing their reinvestments directly, ensuring compliance with the Reinvestment in American Prosperity Act without the need for extensive internal investment management resources.

Optional Participation

Participation in the SIF is entirely optional. Defense companies have the following options:

- 1. Self-Managed Reinvestment: Companies may choose to manage their reinvestments independently, directly placing their profits into American businesses across various sectors as required by the Reinvestment in American Prosperity Act.
- 2. SIF Participation: Companies may opt to fulfill their reinvestment obligations by contributing to the SIF, which will handle the investment allocation on their behalf.

SIF Operational Structure

1. Investment Management: The SIF will be managed by a board of investment professionals with expertise in a wide range of sectors. The board will ensure that the fund's investments align with the objectives of diversifying across all sectors of the American economy.

- 2. Allocation Strategy: The SIF will employ a diversified investment strategy, ensuring that funds are allocated across multiple industries, including both large corporations and small-to-medium enterprises (SMEs). The fund will prioritize sectors that do not directly enhance defense companies' operational capabilities, ensuring broad economic impact.
- 3. **Reporting and Transparency**: The SIF will provide regular reports to participating companies, detailing investment allocations, performance metrics, and the impact of investments on American economic growth. These reports will ensure transparency and accountability.

Legal and Compliance

- 1. **Voluntary Enrollment**: Companies may enroll in the SIF at any time to meet their reinvestment obligations. Withdrawal from the SIF is also permitted, allowing companies to switch to a self-managed reinvestment approach if they choose.
- 2. **Compliance Assurance**: Participation in the SIF guarantees compliance with the Reinvestment in American Prosperity Act. Companies utilizing the SIF will be deemed to have fulfilled their reinvestment obligations in full.

Conclusion

The Strategic Investment Fund offers a flexible and efficient option for defense companies to meet their reinvestment obligations while contributing to the growth and diversification of the American economy. Companies are encouraged to consider the SIF as a means of fulfilling their legal requirements in a manner that supports national economic prosperity.

Defense Industry Excellence and Innovation Awards Act of 2024

A BILL

To establish a category of defense industry awards recognizing contributions to defensive technologies that support peace and stability, and for other purposes.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the "Defense Industry Excellence and Innovation Awards Act of 2024."

SECTION 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. (a) Findings. Congress finds that:

- 1. The defense industry has played a crucial role in safeguarding national security and supporting global peace through the development of advanced defensive technologies.
- 2. There is a growing need to acknowledge and incentivize innovations that contribute to peace and stability, particularly in the context of the United States' strategic focus on defensive capabilities.
- 3. Establishing formal recognition through awards will encourage continued excellence in the defense sector and highlight the importance of technologies that promote peace and reduce the likelihood of conflict.
- (b) **Purpose.** The purpose of this Act is to:
 - 1. Establish a formal awards program recognizing outstanding contributions in the development of defensive technologies that support peace and stability.
 - 2. Encourage innovation within the defense industry that aligns with the United States' commitment to global security and stability.
 - 3. Provide a platform to honor defense companies and individuals who have demonstrated exceptional commitment to advancing defensive technologies.

SECTION 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEFENSE INDUSTRY **EXCELLENCE AND INNOVATION AWARDS.** (a) Awards Program.

1. The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of State, shall establish the "Defense Industry Excellence and Innovation Awards" program.

2. The awards shall recognize achievements in the development and implementation of defensive technologies, systems, and strategies that have significantly contributed to global peace and stability.

(b) Categories of Awards.

- 1. **Defensive Technology Innovation Award:** Recognizing breakthrough innovations in defensive technologies that have enhanced national and global security.
- 2. **Peace and Stability Contribution Award:** Acknowledging contributions that have directly supported peacekeeping missions, conflict prevention, and the protection of civilian lives.
- 3. Sustainable Defense Solutions Award: Highlighting advancements in technologies that not only provide defensive capabilities but also contribute to environmental sustainability and long-term stability.

SECTION 4. CRITERIA AND SELECTION PROCESS. (a) Criteria.

- 1. The awards shall be based on criteria including, but not limited to, technological innovation, impact on peace and stability, adherence to international norms, and contribution to U.S. national security objectives.
- 2. Nominations for the awards can be made by government agencies, defense industry leaders, and academic institutions.

(b) Selection Process.

- 1. A selection committee shall be established, composed of representatives from the Department of Defense, Department of Commerce, and the Department of State, as well as independent experts in defense technology and international security.
- 2. The committee shall review nominations, evaluate them against the established criteria, and select the award recipients annually.

SECTION 5. PRESENTATION OF AWARDS. (a) Award Gala.

1. The awards shall be presented annually in a formal ceremony, attended by key government officials, industry leaders, and representatives from allied nations, followed by a lavish and elegant reception. The event will include an exquisite dinner, live entertainment, and exclusive networking opportunities, making it a premier occasion in the defense community. The gala will celebrate the achievements of the honorees in a setting of prestige and enjoyment, ensuring that the evening is both memorable and eagerly anticipated each year.

2. The ceremony shall serve as an opportunity to publicly acknowledge the defense industry's role in promoting peace and stability.

(b) Public Recognition.

1. Award recipients shall receive a formal citation, a commemorative plaque, and public recognition through official government channels, including a press release and coverage on the Department of Defense website.

SECTION 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. (a) Funding.

- 1. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act, including the organization of the awards ceremony and the provision of awards to recipients.
- 2. The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the funds are used effectively to promote the objectives of this Act.

SECTION 7. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act shall take effect immediately upon its enactment.

Signatories: For the House of Representatives:

Name: [Speaker of the House]

Title: Speaker of the House

Date: [Insert Date]

For the Senate:

Name: [President of the Senate]

Title: President of the Senate

Date: [Insert Date]

For the President of the United States:

Name: [President]

Title: President of the United States

Date: [Insert Date]

Executive Order Establishing the National Defense Industry Awards for Excellence in Defensive Technologies

Preamble: Whereas the defense industry of the United States has made significant contributions to national security, peace, and stability through the development of advanced defensive technologies; and

Whereas the United States is committed to promoting peace and security through the strategic transition to primarily defensive military capabilities;

It is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1: Establishment of the National Defense Industry Awards for **Excellence in Defensive Technologies**

1.1 Creation of Awards: The National Defense Industry Awards for Excellence in Defensive Technologies are hereby established to formally recognize and honor outstanding contributions by defense contractors, research institutions, and individuals who have advanced the development of defensive technologies that support peace and stability.

1.2 Categories of Annual Awards: The awards shall be presented in the following categories:

- a) **Missile Defense Systems**: Recognizing excellence in the development, deployment, and enhancement of missile defense technologies.
- b) **Cybersecurity**: Acknowledging advancements in cybersecurity that protect critical infrastructure and national defense systems.
- c) Surveillance and Detection: Honoring innovations in surveillance and detection systems that enhance the security of sovereign territories.
- d) Electronic Defenses and Countermeasures: Awarding achievements in the development of technologies that neutralize enemy systems without escalating conflicts.
- e) **Innovation in Defense Technologies**: Celebrating groundbreaking work in emerging defensive technologies that contribute to long-term security, peace and prosperity.

1.3 Doctor of Liberty: An award honoring an exceptional engineer or scientist whose contributions have made a profound and enduring impact on the ability of the United States of America, as well as our allies and partners, to protect and secure our homelands. Unlike the annual awards described herein, the Doctor of Liberty Award is conferred only under extraordinary circumstances that merit such recognition. This prestigious award includes an unrestricted grant of \$800,000, disbursed in tranches over a period of five years.

Section 2: Award Administration and Nomination Process

2.1 Administration: The awards shall be administered by the Department of Defense, in collaboration with the Department of Commerce and other relevant agencies. An Award Committee shall be established within the Department of Defense to oversee the nomination and selection process.

2.2 **Nomination Process**: Nominations for the awards may be submitted by defense companies, academic institutions, government agencies, and members of the public. The Award Committee shall establish detailed criteria and guidelines for nominations, ensuring transparency and fairness in the selection process.

2.3 **Selection Process**: The Award Committee shall review all nominations and select recipients based on their contributions to defensive technologies, the impact of their work on national security, and their alignment with the United States' commitment to peace and stability.

Section 3: Award Presentation

3.1 **Ceremony**: The awards shall be presented annually at a formal ceremony hosted by the Department of Defense, with the participation of senior government officials, industry leaders, and other stakeholders.

3.2 **Recognition**: Award recipients shall receive a medal and certificate, along with public recognition through official channels. Their contributions will also be highlighted in the Department of Defense's annual report on defense technologies.

Section 4: Funding and Resources

4.1 **Appropriations**: Funds necessary for the establishment and administration of the awards shall be allocated from existing Department of Defense budgets dedicated to promoting innovation and excellence in defense technologies.

4.2 **Sponsorship**: The Department of Defense may seek additional sponsorship or partnerships with private sector organizations to enhance the award program and ensure its sustainability.

Section 5: Review and Amendment

5.1 **Review**: The effectiveness and impact of the National Defense Industry Awards for Excellence in Defensive Technologies shall be reviewed annually by the

Department of Defense. Recommendations for improvement or expansion of the award categories may be submitted to the President for approval.

5.2 **Amendment**: This Executive Order may be amended by the President to reflect changes in national security priorities or to incorporate new categories of defensive technologies as they emerge.

Section 6: Effective Date

This Executive Order shall take effect immediately and shall apply to the awards to be presented in the next calendar year.

Signed:

[President of the United States]

Date:

